

X-ray and cryo-EM structure solution strategies

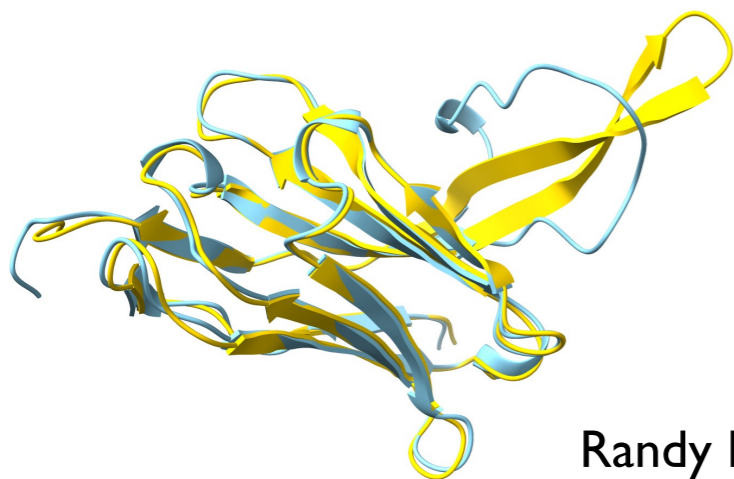
Taking advantage of AlphaFold models

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Phenix Workshop, ACA 2022

Tom Terwilliger

The New Mexico Consortium
Los Alamos National Laboratory

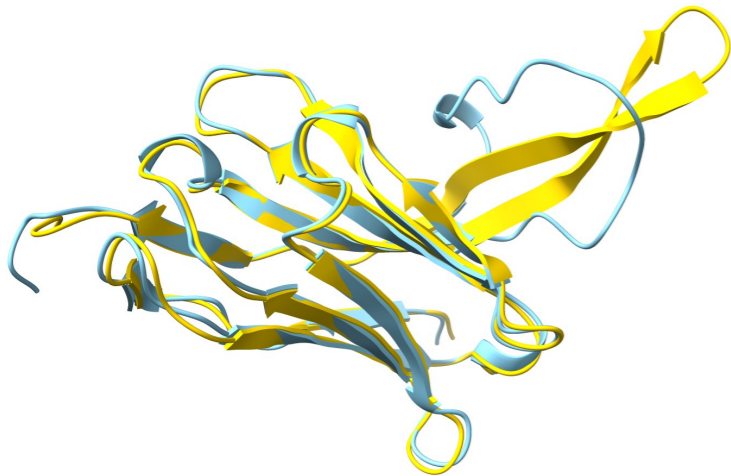


Randy Read, Tristan Croll, Claudia Millán, (Cambridge, University), Paul Adams, Billy Poon, Pavel Afonine, Christopher J. Schlicksup (Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory); Jane Richardson (Duke University)



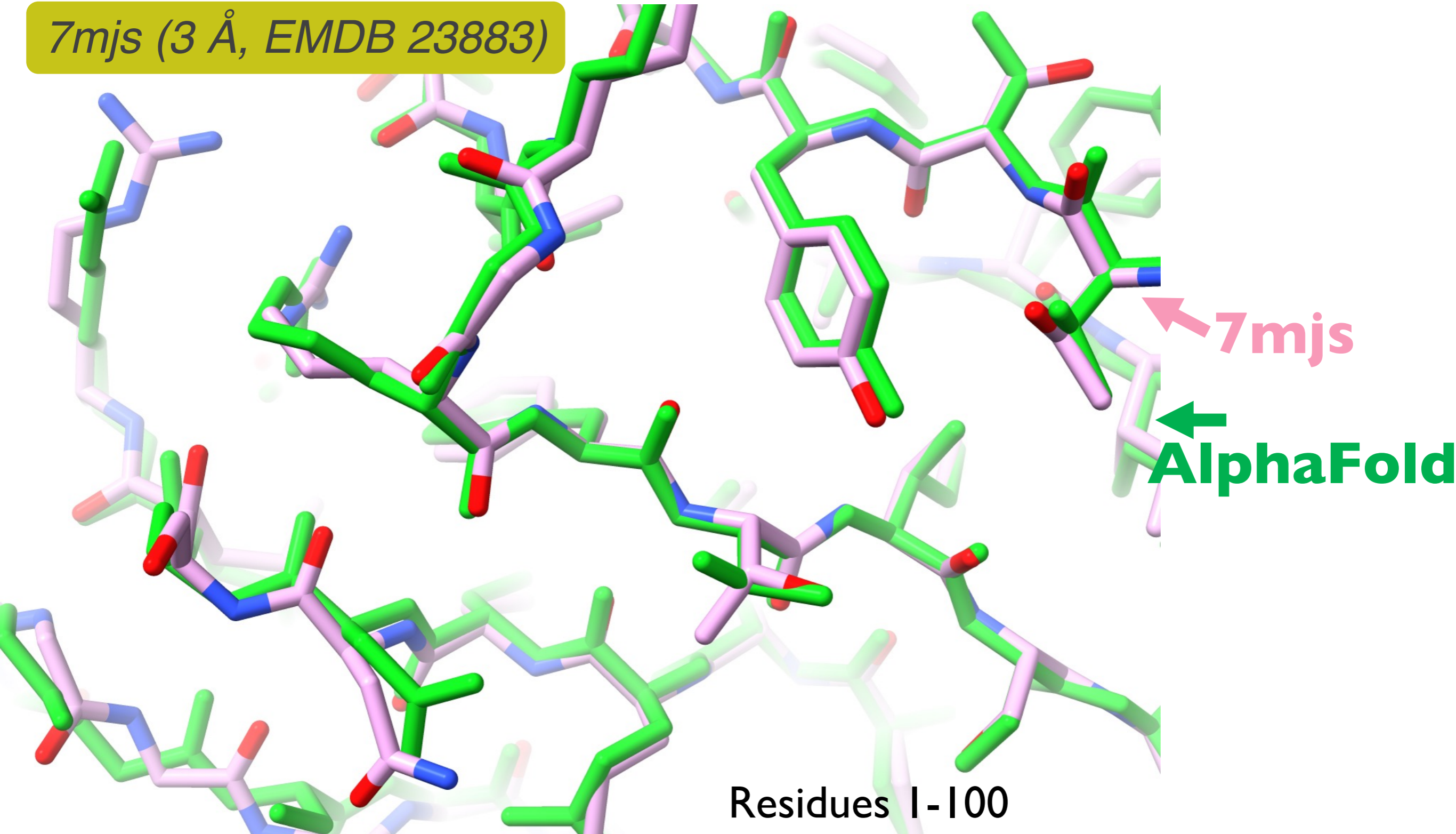
Why use AlphaFold models?

➔ They are great **hypotheses** for protein structures



Models are accurate where sequence coverage is high

7mjs (3 Å, EMDB 23883)



7mjs

AlphaFold

Residues 1-100

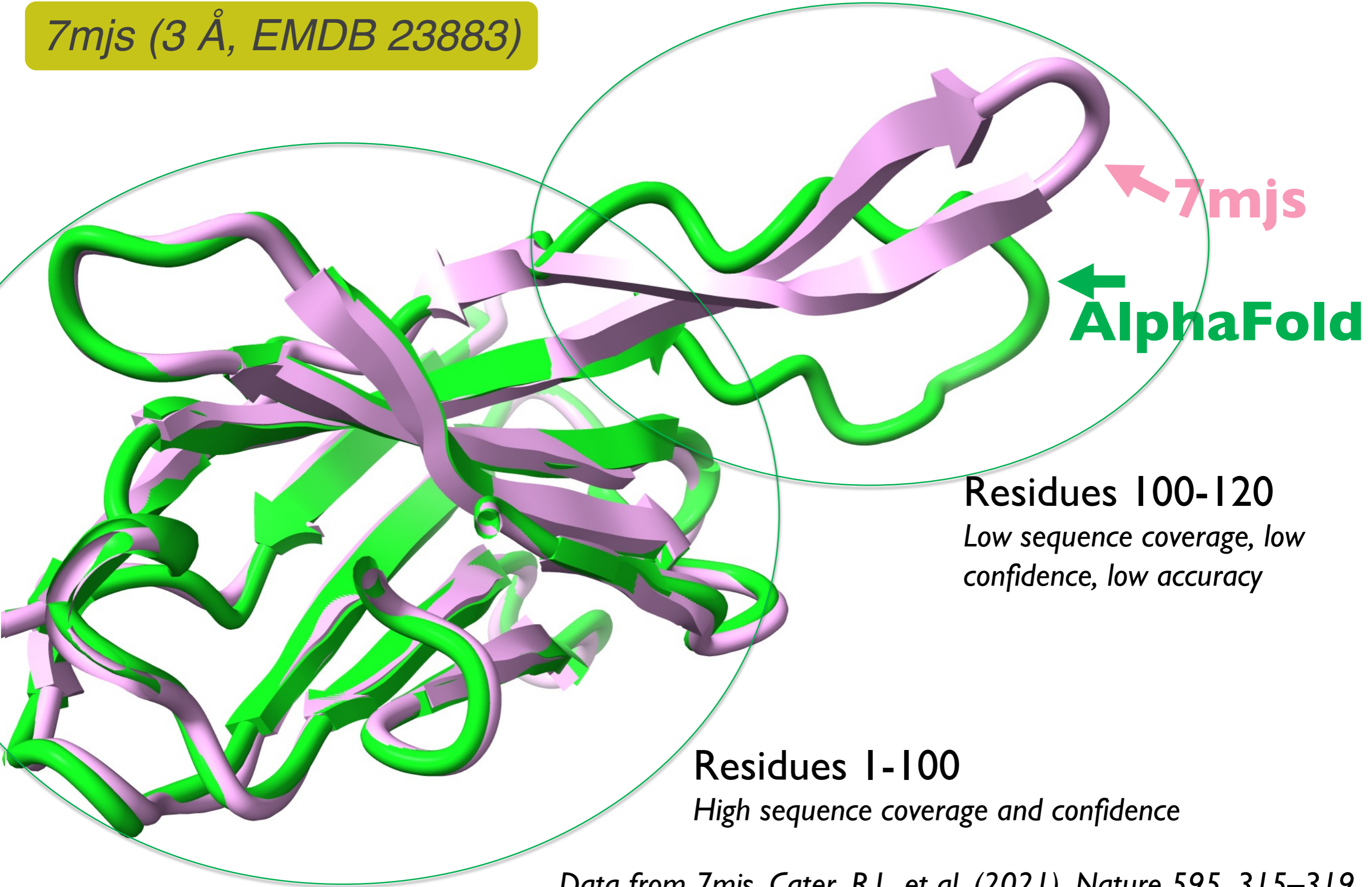
High sequence coverage and confidence

→ High confidence residues can be accurate

Data from 7mjs, Cater, R.J., et al. (2021). Nature 595, 315–319

...and less accurate where sequence coverage is low

7mjs (3 Å, EMDB 23883)



Data from 7mjs, Cater, R.J., et al. (2021). Nature 595, 315–319

Limitations

- **Only protein**



No water, ions, covalent modifications, carbohydrates, ligands, DNA, RNA

- **Trained on good and poor structures**



Parameters may systematically include poor geometry

- **Little information about residues that are far apart**



Models may have distortions and incorrect domain relationships

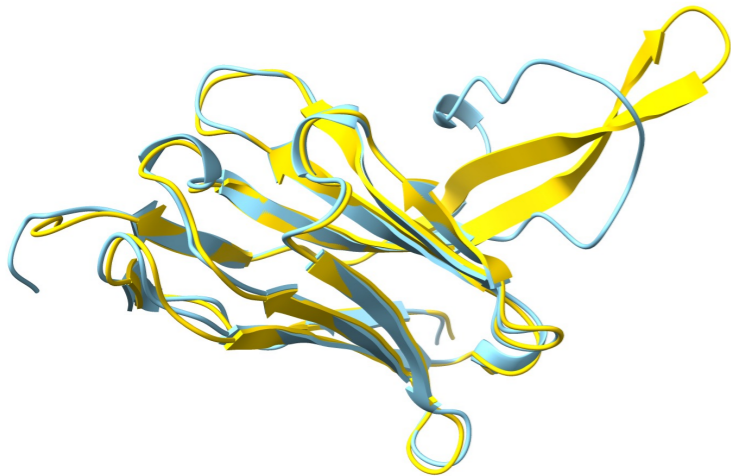
What can we expect from AlphaFold models?

➔ They are great **hypotheses** for protein structures

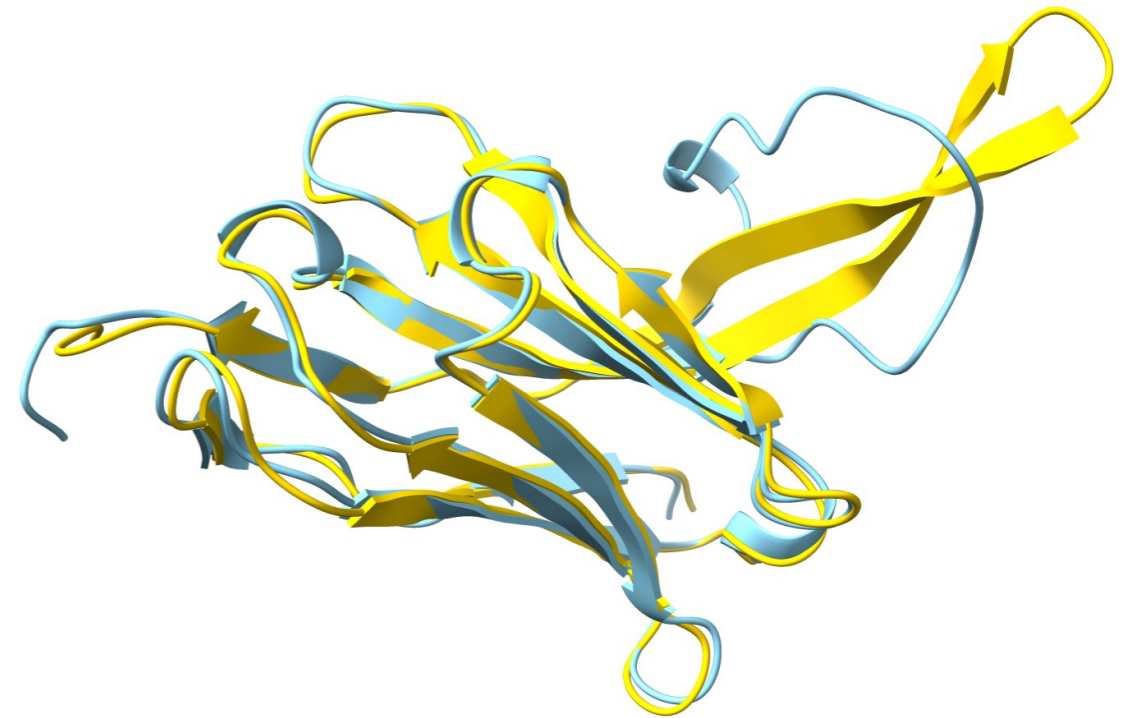
➔ Parts of AlphaFold models are accurate

➔ Parts are completely wrong

➔ The confidence measure is helpful but may not fully reflect accuracy

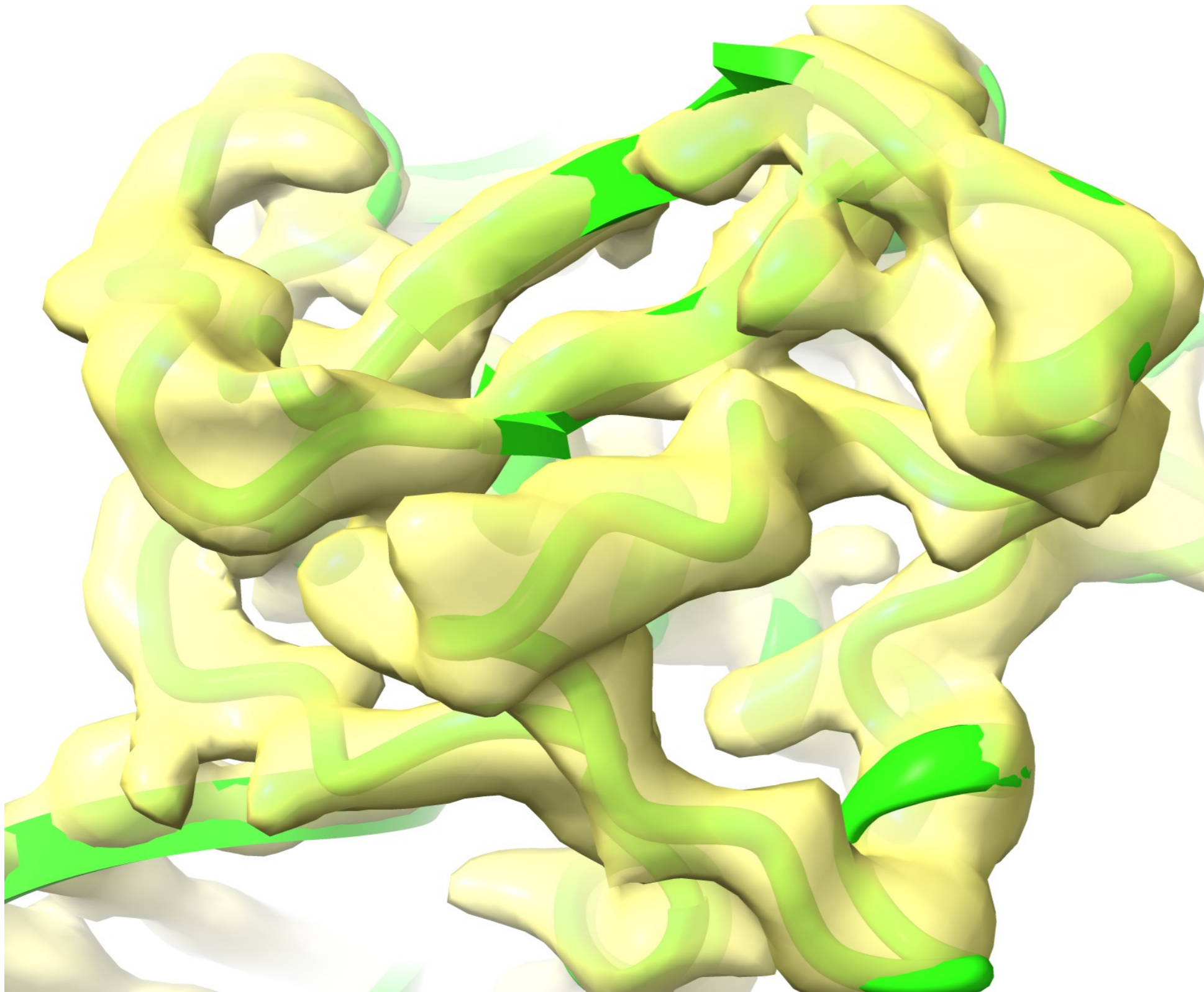


AlphaFold models are great for jump-starting structure determination



Example: Finishing a difficult crystal structure

Repressor – DNA complex, solved with 2.6 Å SeMet SAD data and refined against 3.1 Å native data



**Before AlphaFold,
R/R_{free} = 0.27/0.29**

AlphaFold model:
A **hypothesis** about
this structure

**After AlphaFold,
R/R_{free} = 0.21/0.24**
(it was a good hypothesis)

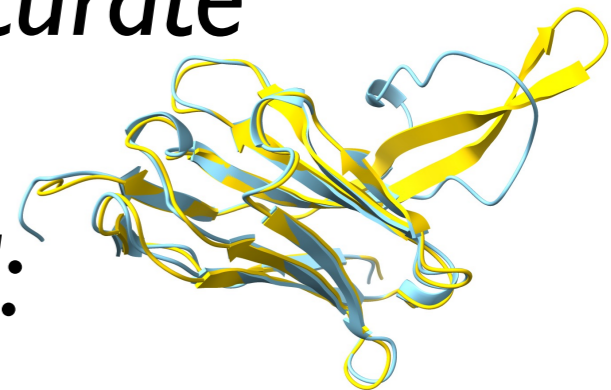
Jamie Wallen, Western
Carolina University

AlphaFold models are great for jump-starting structure determination

➔ *Confidence measure (pLDDT) allows pruning of worst parts of models*

➔ *High-confidence parts are often accurate*

Better than a homology model:

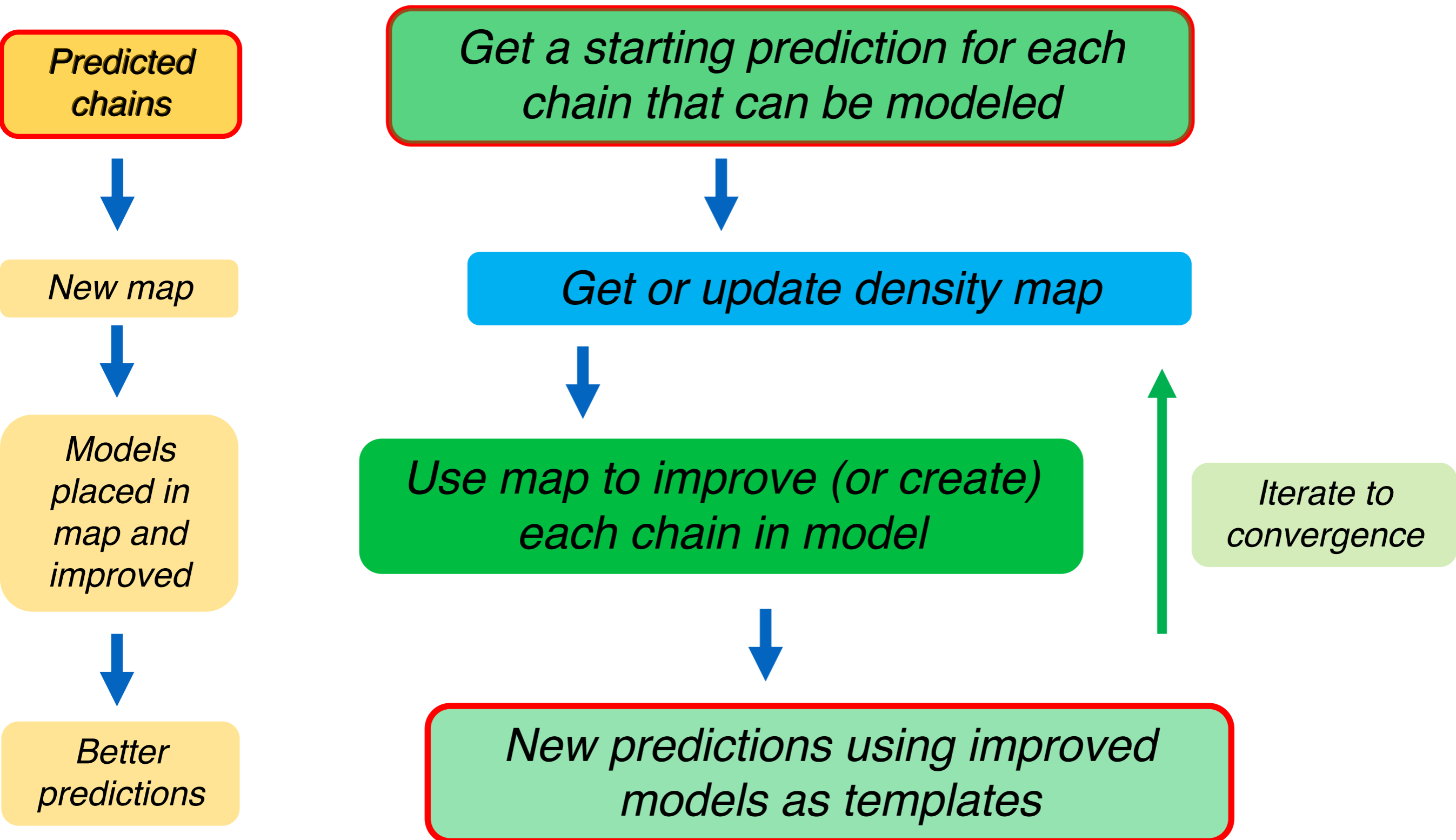


➔ *No insertions and deletions in the sequence*

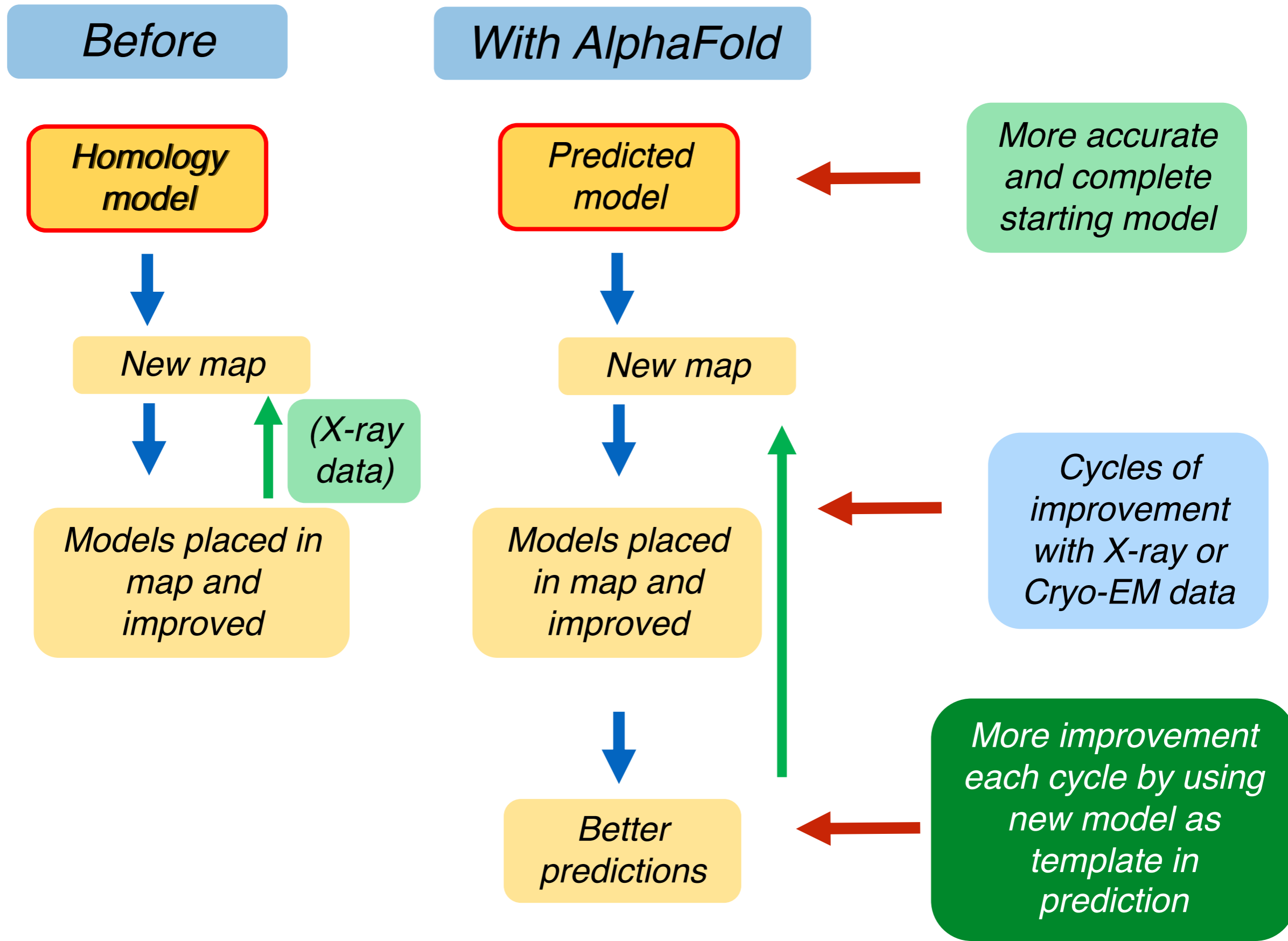
➔ *High accuracy of entire domains helps MR*

Strategy for initial structure determination with AlphaFold

(Getting an accurate full model for each chain in structure)



What changes with AlphaFold?



Fully automatic initial structure determination with AlphaFold

(Phenix PredictAndBuild, X-ray data)

X-ray intensity data (mtz file)

Contents of asymmetric unit (sequence file)

(wait 2-24 h)

Docked predicted models

Rebuilt model

*Useful as high-quality
reference models*

*Preliminary model
ready for next steps*

What next after getting an initial model?

Same as always... (nothing is fundamentally changed)

Identify and fix errors

Refine

Add covalent modifications

Add ligands

Identify alternate conformations

Add solvent

Estimate uncertainties

Phenix tools for generating and rebuilding AlphaFold models

*GUI/
Colab/
Phenix
Server
tools*

PredictModel

Predict structures of all chains in a sequence file

PredictAndBuild (X-ray or cryo-EM)

*Predict, dock or run MR and rebuild all chains in structure with iteration
(sequence file and X-ray intensities or cryo-EM half-maps)*

*GUI
tools*

ProcessPredictedModel

Interpret pLDDT values as B and trim

DockAndRebuild

Dock and rebuild one chain

Notes on AlphaFold prediction and PredictAndBuild

PredictModel

***You can supply a template
AlphaFold will use the template in prediction
You do not need an MSA if you supply a template
The template should not be an AlphaFold model***

PredictAndBuild (X-ray or cryo-EM)

***Your sequence file should contain one sequence for every chain in the structure
For X-ray data, the space group in the data file or specified in the GUI needs to be at least in the same point group as the correct space group***

Observations about AlphaFold predictions...

MSA's and templates tell AlphaFold what is close

With a good MSA, skip the templates

With a good template, skip the MSA

All inputs to AlphaFold go in a table with one column per residue

Incorrect alignments in MSA's will make prediction worse

Multiple conformations may yield complex MSA's

Templates that cannot be aligned to sequence are useless